

## HOUSING AUTHORITY of BALTIMORE CITY

#### STRATEGIC PLANNING COMMUNITY WORKSHOP #2 August 7, 2018

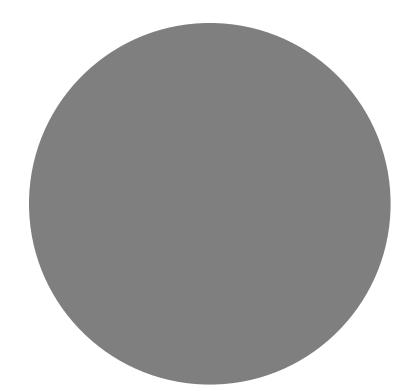
### AGENDA

- Welcome + Introductions
  - Why a Strategic Plan and Why Now?
- Process and Timeline
  - Informed by Input from Diverse Stakeholders
  - Grounded by Market and Financial Reality
  - A Roadmap for the next decade and beyond
- Context
  - HABC Today
  - National and Regional Trends
- Questions
- Today's Workshop





- No existing strategic plan
- Separation of HABC and HCD in 2017
- Being developed under HABC's 4 Core
   Principles
- Plan will serve as the blueprint for
   HABC activities in the future



#### WHY A STRATEGIC PLAN AND WHY NOW?

#### HABC MISSION

To create and provide quality affordable housing opportunities in sustainable neighborhoods for the people we serve.



#### HABC VISION

To create diverse and vibrant communities; to provide opportunities for self-sufficiency; and to build pathways for strong partnerships.



#### **4 HABC CORE PRINCIPLES**

**COMMUNICATION - Create** clear and consistent communication.

#### COMMUNITY - Improve the housing and quality of life for the people we serve.

CUSTOMER SERVICE -Increase efficiency, responsiveness, and accountability in the services we provide to our internal and external clients COLLABORATION - Build upon our commitment to strong partnerships with residents, employees, government, nonprofit and business communities. Learning – learn more about HABC and its programs, as well as the challenges it faces

Engaging – visit various information stations and participate in activities designed to get feedback on different HABC initiatives

Sharing – provide your thoughts on the current perception of HABC and how they can enhance or improve their role in your community



#### WHAT TO EXPECT TODAY?

### **STRATEGIC PLAN PROCESS**

Phase 1: Current State Assessment – review/ analyze HABC in context of local, federal and state affordable housing landscape

- Finances and Operations
- Capital Assets
- Programs and Services
- Partnerships
- Need

- Challenges and Opportunities

Phase 2: Public Engagement – work with internal/external stakeholders to identify strengths and weaknesses, and gather feedback on challenges and opportunities – Advisory group - E-surveys - Focus groups - Community workshops - Interviews

### **STRATEGIC PLAN PROCESS**

Phase 3: Technical Discussions – Ground work in market and financing reality

- Where does HABC want to be?
- What tools are available to HABC today?
- What are the contextual issues that may likely impact HABC's success?

Phase 4: Draft Plan – translate the results and outcomes into an actionable plan - Draft/Refine strategic goals and objectives - Identify priorities, action items and time frames for each strategic goal - Communicate the proposed plan

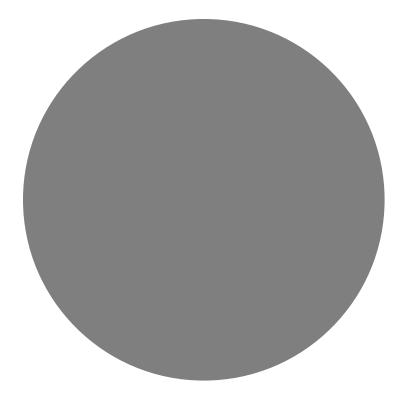
### HABC TODAY

Information is as of 1/31/18 unless otherwise noted



### 831 Acres Across the City

### 725 Personnel



### HABC ASSETS/RESOURCES

- HABC owns 7,770 conventional public housing units
- Of this, 1,095 are scattered sites
- Is the Asset Manager\* of 3,362 units (146 are Scattered Site)

## RESIDENTIAL UNITS

\*ASSET MANAGER - HABC does not directly own or manage the unit but monitors performance and compliance.

### SCATTERED SITES



- Currently, HABC has converted or is in the process of converting some of its public housing inventory through the Rental Assistance
   Demonstration Program
  - Public Housing Units Converted: 2,701
  - Public Housing Pending Conversion: 790

### RENTAL ASSISTANCE DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM (RAD)

### HOUSEHOLDS SERVED



- 19,814 (as of 4/16/18)
   69% Housing Choice Vouchers 31% Public Housing (HABC-Owned)
- Public Housing Program
  - 54% Disabled
  - 17% Elderly
  - Average Household Income - \$8,800
  - Average Family Size 3
  - 97% African American

- Housing Choice Voucher Program
  - 68% Disabled
  - 59% Elderly
  - Average Household Income -\$12,559
  - Average Family Size 2
  - 95% African American

#### Tenant Based – 24,282 (as of 5/30/18)

- 54.7% = Family 14.9% = Non-Elderly Disabled
- 25.8% = Other 4.7% = Senior
- Project Based HCV 8,797 (as of 5/30/18)
- Public Housing 24,174

62% = 1BR	23% = 2BR
13% =3BR	2% = 4BR

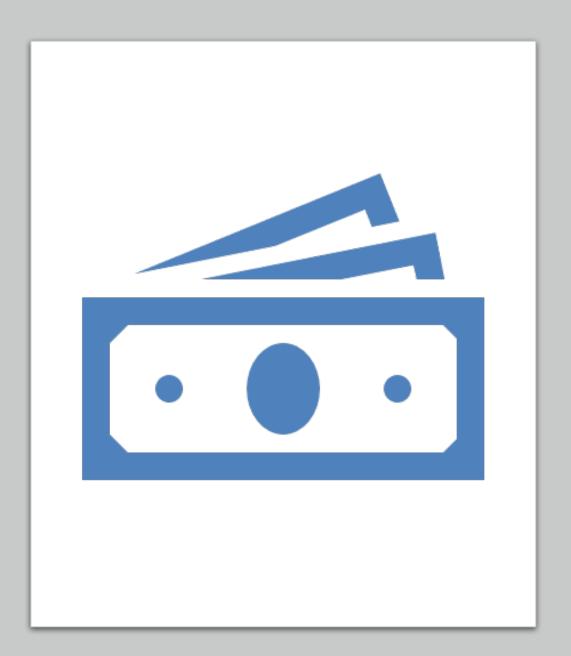
Applied for Both HCV and PH – 4,850

### **DEMAND – WAIT LISTS**

- Self-Sufficiency programs
  - Family Self-Sufficiency
  - People Accessing Continued Employment (PACE)
  - Ticket to Work Program
  - Jobs Plus
  - My Goals for Employment
     Success

- Supportive Services to Families
  - Service Coordination
  - Child Care Program
  - Our House Early Head Start
  - Pre & Post Occupancy Program (POP)
  - Youth Programs
    - Boys and Girls Club
    - Youth Leadership Club

### **SUPPORTIVE SERVICES**



## CAPITAL NEED

### **CAPITAL FUNDING:** 2008 – 2017

HUD Funds Received/Obligated/Expended - \$161.2M

#### Average Annual HUD Allocation - \$14.4M

### **CAPITAL NEEDS: 2017 - 2023**

- The extent of capital needs varies with the highest demand in the scattered sites and large conventional public housing developments.
  - Large Sites(>250 units)
  - Scattered Sites
  - Medium Sites(100-250 units)
  - Small Sites
    - (< 100 units)

\$332.3M (\$ 64.5K/unit)

- \$115.1M (\$109.4K/unit) \$ 14.3M (\$ 32.1K/unit)
- \$ 13.6M (\$ 65.3K/unit)

CAPITAL NEEDS: 2017 – 2023 Capital needs exceed funding potential by more than FIVE TIMES

Seven Year Capital Needs\$495.5M(\$816M over the next 20 years)

HUD Capital Funding Expected \$ 79.9M

Leveraged Funding Expected \$ 11.5M

Total Funding Anticipated \$ 91.4M

Shortfall - \$404.9M (over 7 years)

#### **CAPITAL NEEDS: 2017 - 2023** The scattered sites units have the largest proportion of needs % Total Units % Cap Needs Large Sites (>250 units) 73% **67%** Scattered Sites 23% 15% Medium Sized Sites (100-250 units) **6%** 3% Small Sized Sites (< 100 units) 3% 3%

### LARGE CONVENTIONAL SITES

### >250 UNITS

Capital Needs 2017-2023

Developmen	t	Units	Capital Needs		Cost per Unit	
Brooklyn Homes		486	\$	16,640,802	\$	34,240.33
Cherry Hill Homes		1,281	\$	52,914,550	\$	41,307.22
Douglass Homes		387	\$	27,227,174	\$	70,354.45
Gilmor Homes		548	\$	53,376,071	\$	97,401.59
Latrobe Homes		672	\$	19,210,058	\$	28,586.40
McCulloh Homes		556	\$	59,172,165	\$	106,424.76
O'Donnell Homes		304	\$	30,613,872	\$	100,703.53
Perkins Homes		629	\$	59,317,587	\$	94,304.59
Poe Homes		288	\$	13,868,400	\$	48,154.17
	Totals	5,151	\$	332,340,679	\$	64,519.64

- Capital Investment Strategies
  - Selective Demo/ Site Reconfiguration
    - Gilmor Homes
  - Hold and Sustain for Resolution of Neighborhood Revitalization
    - McCulloh Homes, Poe Homes
  - Future Major Reconfiguration and De-Densification
    - Brooklyn Homes

### LARGE CONVENTIONAL SITES >250 UNITS

- Capital Investment Strategies (cont.)
  - Redevelopment Potential
    - Perkins Homes (CNI)
    - Latrobe Homes (Future CNI)
    - O'Donnell Heights (Phased Development)
  - Maintain & Manage with Normal
     Replacement and Capital Improvements
    - Cherry Hill Homes, Douglass Homes

### LARGE CONVENTIONAL SITES >250 UNITS

### MEDIUM SIZED SITES

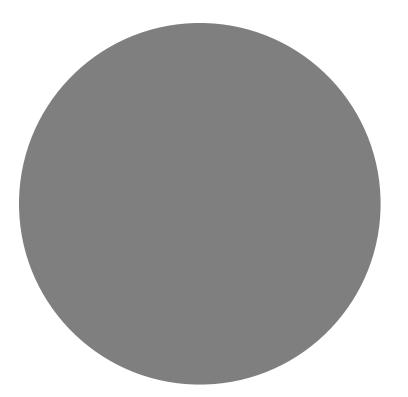
### 100-250 UNITS

Capital Needs 2017-2023

Development	Units	Capital Needs		Cost per Unit	
Mount Winans	140	\$	3,515,873	\$	25,113.38
Rosemont	106	\$	4,924,117	\$	46,453.93
Westport Homes	200	\$	5,874,806	\$	29,374.03
Totals	446	\$	14,314,796	\$	32,095.96

Capital Investment Strategies

- Maintain and Manage with Minor Site and Building Reconfigurations
  - Mount Winans
  - Westport
  - Rosemont
- Potential for Future RAD Conversion
  - Rosemont



### MEDIUM SIZED SITES 100-250 UNITS

### SMALL SIZED SITES

### <100 UNITS

Capital Needs 2017-2023

Development	Units	Capital Needs		Cost per Unit	
Albert Spencer Gardens	20	\$	473,076	\$	23 <i>,</i> 653.80
Dukeland	30	\$	1,861,849	\$	62,061.63
Oswego Mall	35	\$	1,596,887	\$	45,625.34
Shippley Homes	21	\$	654,722	\$	31,177.24
Totals	106	\$	4,586,534	\$	43,269.19

#### Capital Investment Strategies

## Maintain/ Manage with Minor Reconfigurations Dukeland

- Maintain/Manage with Normal Replacement and Capital Improvements
  - Albert Spencer Gardens, Oswego Mall, Shipley Hills
- Potential RAD Conversion Candidates
  - All of the Above

### **SMALL SIZED SITES <100 UNITS**

#### **Conventional Scattered Site Properties**

Development	Units	Capital Needs		Cost per Unit	
AMP 200	212	\$	16,573,679	\$	78,177.73
AMP201	197	\$	26,345,924	\$	133,735.65
AMP202	193	\$	32,635,451	\$	169,095.60
AMP203	336	\$	41,534,901	\$	123,615.78
Totals	938	\$	117,089,955	\$	124,829.38

Developmen	t	Units	Capital Needs		Cost per Unit	
Midtown		35	\$	1,671,756	\$	47,764.46
Uptown		37	\$	1,630,217	\$	44,059.92
Stricker St.		25	\$	1,490,493	\$	59,619.72
Thompson 22		22	\$	439,607	\$	19,982.14
Albemarle Square		4	\$	176,601	\$	44,150.25
Bailey UFAS		34	\$	351,533	\$	10,339.21
	Totals	157	\$	5,760,207	\$	36,689.22

### SCATTERED SITES

## Capital Needs 2017-2023

- Capital Investment Strategies
  - Invest Only in Units Located in Stable, Improving and Targeted (SIT) Neighborhoods
    - Based on crime, safety, surrounding conditions, community investment
  - Invest only if rehabilitation costs are reasonable
    - Range of \$75k \$150k / Unit
  - For Occupied and Recently Rehabbed Units
    - Retain, Maintain and Manage as Public Housing

(Regardless of location)

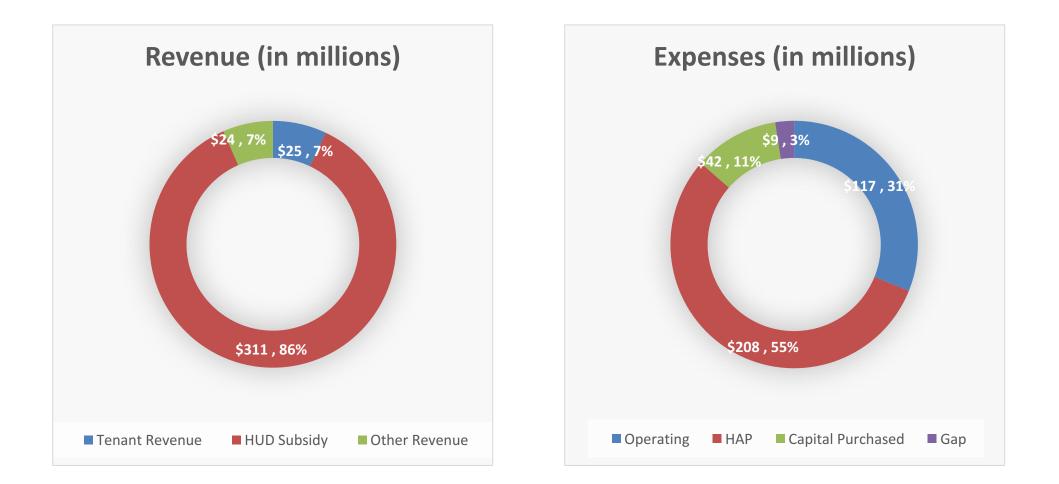
### **SCATTERED SITES**

- Capital Investment Strategies
  - For Occupied and Non-Rehabbed Units
    - In SIT Neighborhoods Retain and Rehab on Turnover (Subject to Fund Availability)
    - In Distressed Neighborhoods Dispose
  - For Vacant Units
    - In SIT Neighborhoods Retain and Rehab Subject to Cost Reasonableness and Funding Availability
    - In Distressed Neighborhoods Dispose

### **SCATTERED SITES**

# BUDGET

### FY 2018 BUDGET



## NATIONAL AND REGIONAL TRENDS

### HOUSING TRENDS

#### **Operating Fund Decreasing**\*

**Capital Fund Decreasing**\*

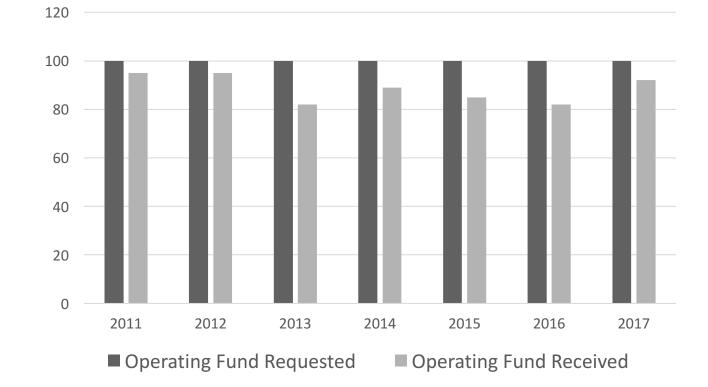
Section 8 (TBV, PBV, PBRA) Mostly level

# of Public Housing units Decreasing Historically, Appropriations are not enough to fund 100% of Operating Fund requests.

On average, a PHA receives 85% - 95% of its requested Operating Funds.

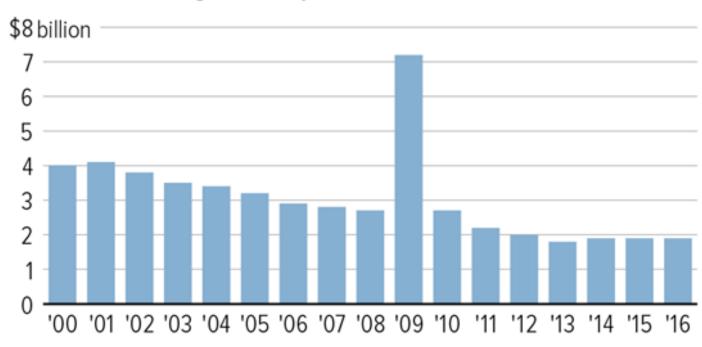
 2018 was an anomaly – PHAs received an increase in spite of the Administration's proposed budget

## Public Housing Operating Fund Historically Underfunded



### CAPITAL FUNDING HAS FALLEN FAR BEHIND NEED

#### Funding for repairs has fallen 53 percent since 2000...



Budget authority, in billions of 2016 dollars

Capital funding has declined 53% since 2000 by nearly a billion dollars, to just **\$1.9 billion in 2016**.

HUD estimates the projected annual accrual of needs is at least \$3.4
 billion per year on average over the next 20 years

As a result, the backlog of needed repairs, **estimated in 2010 to be some \$26 billion,** continues to grow. Traditionally, Congress has provided adequate housing voucher renewal funding (HAP or rent subsidy costs)

- Is not true of Administrative fees (funds PHAs receive to administer the HCV program), which have seen a steady decrease
- However, rent costs in most jurisdictions have risen and the funding levels now support fewer voucher users

- HUD estimates 300,000 units of public housing have been lost between 1990 and 2010, mainly due to lack of investment in repairs
- Underfunding of capital repairs results in approximately 10,000-12,000 units lost every year
- HUD has been actively pursuing demolition/ disposition activities as a "management strategy" and PHAs are demolishing with HUD approval

SECTION 8 (TBRA, PBRA, PBV) = SAME

## PUBLIC HOUSING UNITS = DECREASING

## **2018 BUDGET - WHITE HOUSE VS CONGRESS**

### WHITE HOUSE

- FY2018 Budget proposed \$6.8225
   billion in funding cuts for affordable housing programs
  - Operating funds cut by 11.3%
  - Capital funding cut by 68%
  - HCV cut by 11.6% (estimated 256,900 fewer vouchers nationwide)
  - Tenant rent share increased from 30% to 35%

### CONGRESS

- FY2018 budget ignored WH budget
- March 22, 2018, Congress and the President signed the FY2018
   Omnibus Bill; resulted in an overall 24% increase
  - Operating funds up 3.5% (2 yrs)
  - Capital funding up 41.6%:
  - HCV up 8.5%
  - RAD up 102% (in units; no \$)
  - Choice Neighborhoods up 9.1%

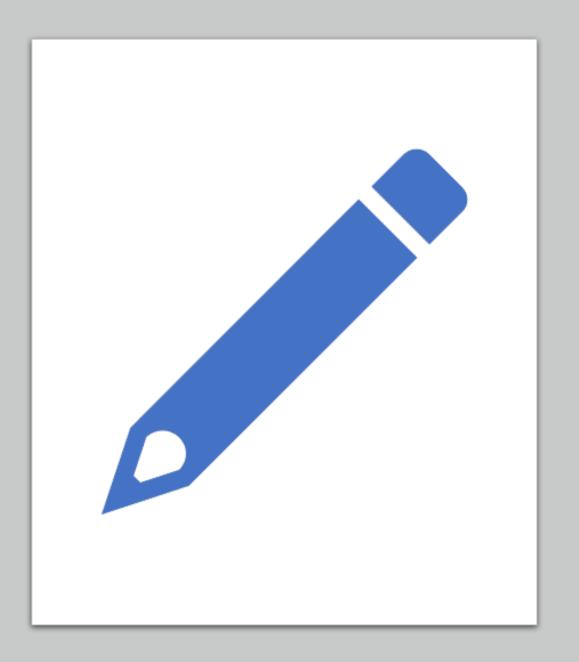
## **2019 BUDGET - WHITE HOUSE VS CONGRESS**

### WHITE HOUSE

- Proposed FY2019 Proposed budget more drastic than 2018.
  - Operating funds cut by 37% from \$4.5B to \$2.8B
  - Capital funding eliminated (\$1.9B)
  - Choice Neighborhoods, CDBG,
     HOME and SHOP eliminated
  - RAD removes cap and provides
     \$100m in support

### CONGRESS

- The House Proposed FY2019 ignores the WH budget proposal, proposing 24% increase (still must pass Senate)
  - Operating funds/ Capital funds funded at 2018 levels
  - \$30m in competitive demolition grants
  - HCV (HAP) increased funding
  - HCV (Administrative fees) level
     Choice Neighborhoods level



# YOUR ASSIGNMENT TODAY

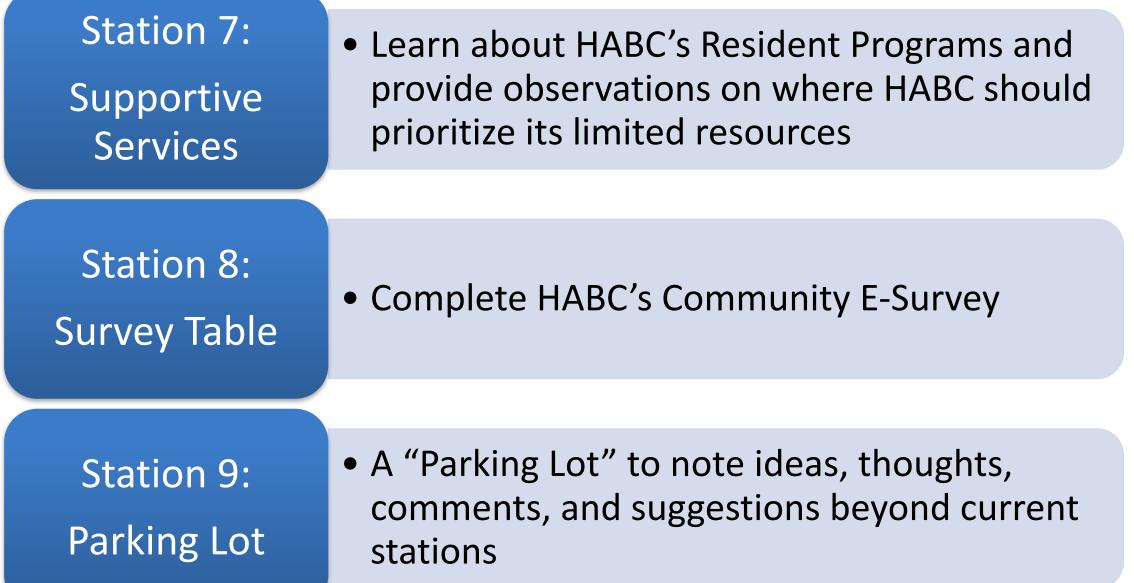
## **STATION ACTIVITIES**

Station 1: HABC Background	<ul> <li>Learn more about HABC and give us feedback on the new HABC Mission, Vision, and Four Core Principles</li> </ul>	
Station 2: SWOT	<ul> <li>Provide your thoughts on HABC's Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, and Threats</li> </ul>	
Station 3: Conventional Public Housing	<ul> <li>Learn about HABC's current conventional public housing assets and provide opinions on various redevelopment strategies</li> </ul>	

## **STATION ACTIVITIES**

Station 4: RAD	<ul> <li>Learn about the Rental Assistance Demonstration program and other programs and provide your opinions</li> </ul>	
Station 5: Scattered Sites	<ul> <li>Learn about See where HABC's scattered sites are located and comment on various redevelopment strategies</li> </ul>	
Station 6: Housing Choice Vouchers	<ul> <li>Learn about payment standards and offer thoughts on rent structure strategies</li> </ul>	

## **STATION ACTIVITIES**



## **Reference Documents**

- 1. HABC 1/31/18 Board Report; HABC MTW/Annual Plan + Reports; HABC Departmental Documents
- 2. https://fas.org/sgp/crs/misc/R41654.pdf
- 3. <u>https://www.hud.gov/program\_offices/public\_indian\_housing/programs/ph/am/funding</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.cbpp.org/research/housing/chart-book-cuts-in-federal-assistance-have-exacerbated-families-struggles-to-afford#section02-</u>
- 5. <u>http://docs.house.gov/billsthisweek/20180319/BILLS-115SAHR1625-RCP115-66.pdf</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/FAQs-Extension-of-Deadline-for-Submission-of-Assessment-of-Fair-Housing-for-Consolidated-Plan-Participants.pdf</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/SPM/documents/HUDSTRATEGICPLAN2018-2022.pdf</u>
- 8. <u>http://www.multifamilyexecutive.com/business-finance/tax-reform-uncertainty-hits-lihtc-market\_c</u>
- 9. <u>http://www.taxcreditcoalition.org/news/ahtcc-commends-congress-for-strengthening-and-expanding-housing-credit-in-omnibus-spending-bill</u>

# **QUESTIONS?**

# **Need More Information?**

# http://habc.baltimorehousing.org/habc \_strategic\_plan





# Take the Survey!

# https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/HABC